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FORM X-17A-5
PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-48201

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGIN	NING 04/01/2018 AN	AND ENDING 03/31/2019	
ALL OIL I OIL IIID I DAILOS SUCLI	MM/DD/YY	MM/DD/YY	
A	A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATIO)N	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: FO	RTE SECURITIES LLC	OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE O	OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.	
12 East 49th	Street, 17th Floor, Room 113		
	(No. and Street)		
New York	NY	10017	
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER	R OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGAR		
Ilina Stamova		(212) 668-8700 (Area Code – Telephone Number	
R	ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION		
	ACCOUNTAINT		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT	TANT whose opinion is contained in this R	eport*	
Berkower LLC		•	
	(Name - if individual, state last, first, mide	ile name SEC Mail Processing	
517 Route One South,	Ste 4103 Iselin	NJ 08830	
(Address)	(City)	(State) JUN 13 ZUZ Code)	
CHECK ONE:		Washington, DC	
Certified Public Account	ntant	Washington, Do	
Public Accountant			
Accountant not resident	t in United States or any of its possessions.		
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	•	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, JOSEPH VENCIL	OSEPH VENCIL , swear (or affirm) that, to the be	
	financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of	
FORTE SECURITIES LLC		as
of March 31	, 20 19 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) th	
neither the company nor any partner, proprie	ctor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account	t
classified solely as that of a customer, except	as follows:	
	1	
CAROL VENCIL		 '
NOTARY PUBLIC-STATE OF NEW YORK		
No. 01VE6328949	Signature	
Qualified in Nassau County		ጎርሴ
My Commission Expires August 10, 2019	Managing Principal, Chief Operating C	7991C
1 1 2	Title	
	lulca	
	111119	
Notary Public		
This report ** contains (check all applicable b	boxes):	
(a) Facing Page.		
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.		
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).		
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Co		
	s' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.	
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities St	ubordinated to Claims of Creditors.	
(g) Computation of Net Capital.		
	eserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.	
(i) Information Relating to the Possessio	on or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.	
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate	ate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the	;
Computation for Determination of the	e Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.	- c
	and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods	OI
consolidation.		
(l) An Oath or Affirmation.		
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Rep	port. equacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous a	mdit
(n) A report describing any material inaded	directes toming to exist of found to have existen since the date of the breatons a	.uuit.

 $**For \ conditions \ of \ confidential \ treatment \ of \ certain \ portions \ of \ this \ filing, \ see \ section \ 240.17a-5(e)(3).$

Financial Statement

With

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

For the Year Ended March 31, 2019

This report is deemed PUBLIC in accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(3) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

MARCH 31, 2019

Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	
Financial Statement: Statement of Financial Condition	2
Notes to Financial Statement	3 - 6



517 Route One, Suite 4103 Iselin, NJ 08830 (732) 781-2712

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Sole Member of Forte Securities, LLC

Opinion on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Forte Securities, LLC (the "Company") as of March 31, 2019 and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statement"). In our opinion, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of March 31, 2019, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statement based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2018.

Berkower LLC

Iselin, New Jersey June 11, 2019

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION MARCH 31, 2019

ASSETS	 and a particular constitution for a minimal property of the desirable section
Cash	\$ 111,428
Deposit at clearing broker	331,067
Due from related party	368,566
Accounts receivable	110,111
Other assets	 1,038
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 922,210
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 500,338
Due to member	22,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	522,338
MEMBER'S EQUITY	 399,872

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS:

Forte Securities, LLC, (the "Company") was organized in December 1995 as a Texas limited liability company. The company has been registered to do business in New York State since 2005 and operates through its office in New York City. It was formerly known as Southlake Capital, LLC. The Company operates as a broker-dealer in securities registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") and Securities Investors Protection Corporation ("SIPC"). The Company is a single-member Limited Liability Company and is wholly-owned by Forte Securities Holdings, LLC (the "Parent").

The Company operates pursuant to section (k)(2)(ii) exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and accordingly, is exempt from the remaining provisions of that Rule. The Company does not hold customer funds or securities, but as an introducing broker or dealer, will clear all transactions on behalf of customers on a fully disclosed basis through its clearing broker/dealers. The clearing broker/dealers carry all of the accounts of the customers and maintain and preserve all related books and records as are customarily kept by the clearing broker/dealers.

The Company operates as an independent full service broker-dealer in securities. The Company's customers are primarily institutional entities located throughout the United States.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as detailed in the Financial Accounting Standards Board's Accounting Standards Codification.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less at the time of the purchase to be cash equivalents.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates and such differences could be material.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue Recognition

Effective January 1, 2018, the Company adopted ASC Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASC Topic 606"). The new revenue recognition guidance requires that an entity recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The guidance requires an entity to follow a five step model to (a) identify the contract(s) with a customer, (b) identify the performance obligations in the contract, (c) determine the transaction price, (d) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and (e) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. In determining the transaction price, an entity may include variable consideration only to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized would not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is resolved. The Company applied the modified retrospective method of adoption which resulted in no adjustment as of January 1, 2018. The new revenue recognition guidance does not apply to revenue associated with financial instruments, interest income and expense, leasing and insurance contracts.

Significant Judgement

Significant judgement is required to determine whether performance obligations are satisfied at a point in time or over time; how to allocate transaction prices where multiple performance obligations are identified; when to recognize revenue based on the appropriate measure of the Company's progress under the contract; and whether constraints on variable consideration should be applied due to uncertain future events.

Commission Income

The Company is a non-carrying broker dealer that receives commission income generated from trading securities. The Company is the legal counterparty responsible for executing and settling all trades (although a clearing firm is involved in the settlement process) and its customers have no direct relationship with the clearing firm. The Company works with the customer to establish the commission rate and ultimately sets the price and is principal in the scope of ASU 2016-08 and records commissions on a gross basis. The commissions are charged to customers on the trade date at the point of execution by the Company.

The Company's role and responsibility as an executing broker is performed only when a customer requests for them to initiate a trade. As a result, the customer has an option to purchase this service. Consideration resulting from the trade is the exercise of the option and commissions will not be considered variable consideration because the customer has a contractual right (but not an obligation) to choose the amount of additional distinct services which are purchased (i.e., orders for execution). The Company does not have any contracts which stipulate a guaranteed minimum number of trades and, therefore, the Company does not have any additional performance obligations. Since there are no minimum number of trades required, any trades beyond those which have already been executed are also considered optional purchases.

The Company and its customers arrangements to do business can be terminated at will by either the customer or the Company at any time without a termination penalty. Pursuant to ASC 606-10-25-3, when a contract has no fixed duration and can be terminated or modified by either party at any time without penalty, entities should apply the revenue guidance to the period in which the parties have enforceable rights and obligations, unless a customer has a material right that extends beyond that period. For securities transactions and trade commissions, the period in which the parties have enforceable rights and obligations is typically one day or less, the trade date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 3 – CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK:

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The Company maintains principally all cash balances in one financial institution, which at times, may exceed the amount insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The exposure of the Company is solely dependent upon daily bank balances and the respective strength of the financial institution. The Company has not incurred any losses on this account.

Receivables and Revenue

At March 31, 2019, approximately 76% of the Company's receivables were owed from one customer who is a related party. During the year ended March 31, 2019, approximately 66% of the Company's revenue was earned from three customers, one of which is a related party who made up 53% of the Company's revenue.

NOTE 4 - TRANSACTIONS WITH CLEARING BROKER/DEALER:

The agreements with the clearing broker/dealers provide for clearing charges at fixed rates multiplied by the number of the Company's customers' transactions. The agreements also require the Company to maintain a minimum of \$30,000 as a deposit in an account with the one clearing broker/dealer and \$300,000 with the second clearing broker/dealer.

All of the Company's trading accounts and customers' accounts are maintained by the clearing broker/dealers. Both clearing broker dealers remit to the Company all commissions due related to customers' trading, net of clearance charges, trading errors and miscellaneous related charges, at the end of the month.

NOTE 5 - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS:

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital, and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At March 31, 2019, the Company had net capital of \$245,957, which was \$145,957 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 2.12.

NOTE 6 – OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK:

As discussed in Note 4, the Company's customers' securities transactions are introduced on a fully disclosed basis with its clearing broker/dealers. The clearing broker/dealers carry all of the accounts of the customers of the Company and are responsible for execution, collection and payment of funds, and receipt and delivery of securities relative to customer transactions. Off-balance-sheet risk exists with respect to these transactions due to the possibility that customers may be unable to fulfill their contractual commitments wherein the clearing broker/dealer may charge any losses it incurs to the Company. The Company seeks to minimize this risk through procedures designed to monitor the credit worthiness of its customers and that customer transactions are executed properly by the clearing broker/dealers.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 7 – INCOME TAXES AND DEFERRED TAXES:

The Company files as a single member Limited Liability Company. Consequently net income or loss, in general, is apportioned to the Member and reported in its partnership tax returns. Generally, the Company is subject to income tax examinations by major taxing authorities during the three-year period prior to the period covered by these financial statements.

Deferred income taxes are provided for temporary differences between the financial statements and tax basis of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future, based on enacted tax law and rates applicable to the periods in which differences arise. No provisions have been made for deferred taxes or for such differences due to insignificance.

NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY:

The Company has an affiliated UK Broker Dealer, Forte Securities Limited, that utilized its services for execution of securities transactions for the year under audit. For the year ended March 31, 2019, the Company earned \$781,907, under this arrangement, which is included in commision income on the Statement of Operations. As of March 31, 2019, the receivable from this affiliate was \$368,566.

The Company has an affiliated Australian Broker Dealer, Forte Securities Australia Pty Limited, that utilized its services for advisory services for the year under audit. For the year ended March 31, 2019, the Company earned \$6,947, under this arrangement, which is included in other income on the Statement of Operations. As of March 31, 2019, the receivable from this affiliate was zero.

During the period under audit, the Parent paid rent expense on behalf of the Company in the amount of \$22,000. As of March 31, 2019, the payable to the Parent was \$22,000.

NOTE 9 - RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases, requiring the recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities by lessees for those leases previously classified as operating leases under previous U.S. GAAP. The lease asset would reflect a right-to-use asset and the lease liability would reflect the present value of the future lease payments. ASU 2016-02 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018 and a modified retrospective transition approach is required where companies will have to recognize and measure leases at the beginning of the earliest period presented. The Company has determined that there will be no impact under the new lease standards on the Company's financial statements as the Company maintains a month to month lease arrangement.

NOTE 10 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

The company has evaluated events and transactions that occurred through the date which financial statements were available to be issued, for possible disclosure and recognition in the financial statements. The Company made member's contributions, subsequent to year end, in the amount of \$92,000.